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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/534,309	03/23/2000	Yoshinori Ohta	4-165US-FF 9768	
21254 7	7590 08/28/2003			
MCGINN &			EXAMINER	
8321 OLD CO SUITE 200	URTHOUSE ROAD		CAMPBELL, JOSHUA D	
VIENNA, VA	22182-3817		ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER	
		•	2178	7
			DATE MAILED: 08/28/2003	3

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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Office Action Summary		olication No.	Applicant(s)	9			
		534,309	OHTA ET AL.	<u> </u>			
		miner	Art Unit				
		hua D Campbell	2178				
The MAILING DATE of this comm Period for Reply	unication appears	on the cover sneet with the	e correspondence addi	ess			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMU - Extensions of time may be available under the provisi after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this co - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirt - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for re - Any reply received by the Office later than three montle earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b) Status	NICATION. ons of 37 CFR 1.136(a). I mmunication. y (30) days, a reply within n statutory period will appl ply will, by statute, cause as after the mailing date o	n no event, however, may a reply be the statutory minimum of thirty (30) of y and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS for the application to become ABANDO	timely filed days will be considered timely. om the mailing date of this com NED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	munication.			
1) Responsive to communication(s)	filed on <u>23 March</u>	<u> 2000</u> .					
2a) This action is FINAL .	2b)⊠ This act	ion is non-final.		·			
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims			•				
4)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-6</u> is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-6</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to			•				
8) Claim(s) are subject to res	triction and/or elec	ction requirement.					
Application Papers OV OV The exception is chicated to by	the Eveniner						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10) The drawing(s) filed on 23 March 2000 is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). 11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.							
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.							
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
13)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a)⊠ All b)⊡ Some * c)⊡ None of:							
1.⊠ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
 Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 							
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).							
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.							
Attachment(s)	•		,				
1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review 3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1448)	· ·		nary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) al Patent Application (PTO-				

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DETAILED ACTION

1. This action is responsive to communications: Application filed on 03/23/2000 and Priority papers filed on 03/23/2000.

2. Claims 1-6 are pending in this case. Claims 1 and 6 are independent claims.

Specification

3. The abstract of the disclosure is objected to because the phrase "comparatively simple manner" compares the merits or the invention to that of prior art. Correction is required. See MPEP § 608.01(b).

Applicant is reminded of the proper content of an abstract of the disclosure.

A patent abstract is a concise statement of the technical disclosure of the patent and should include that which is new in the art to which the invention pertains. If the patent is of a basic nature, the entire technical disclosure may be new in the art, and the abstract should be directed to the entire disclosure. If the patent is in the nature of an improvement in an old apparatus, process, product, or composition, the abstract should include the technical disclosure of the improvement. In certain patents, particularly those for compounds and compositions, wherein the process for making and/or the use thereof are not obvious, the abstract should set forth a process for making and/or use thereof. If the new technical disclosure involves modifications or alternatives, the abstract should mention by way of example the preferred modification or alternative.

The abstract should not refer to purported merits or speculative applications of the invention and **should not compare the invention with the prior art**.

Where applicable, the abstract should include the following:

- (1) if a machine or apparatus, its organization and operation;
- (2) if an article, its method of making;
- (3) if a chemical compound, its identity and use;
- (4) if a mixture, its ingredients;
- (5) if a process, the steps.

Extensive mechanical and design details of apparatus should not be given.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1 and 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Vanderpool et al. (US Patent Number 5,781,773, issued on July 14, 1998).

5. Regarding independent claims 1 and 6, Vanderpool et al. discloses a system that displays searched items in a database (column 3, lines 21-24 of Vanderpool et al.). Vanderpool et al. discloses two tables contained within a database, one of these tables contains the full data items and user inputs including terms of search for the data items, while the other table contains parts of the full data items that are to be displayed (Figure 5 and column 6, lines 34-44 of Vanderpool et al.). This database is accessed by using a computer implemented searching system which shows the results on a display apparatus (column 3, lines 21-24 of Vanderpool et al.). This system has the ability to access the databases and thus can be thought of as a read-out device for all elements and tables contained within the database.

Vanderpool et al. does not disclose a system in which the relational database uses three tables for the search and display system. However, the table driven database disclosed by Vanderpool et al. has the same functionality as the applicants'

invention. There is no functional difference between one table that contains two delineated data types and two tables that contain only one type each. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have used three tables in the database for the display system of Vanderpool et al. because the table disclosed by Vanderpool et al. which contains the full data items and the user inputs acts as a double-table.

Claims 2-5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Vanderpool et al. (US Patent Number 5,781,773, issued on July 14, 1998) as applied to claim 1 above, and further in view of Rowe et al. (US Patent Number 6,466,941, filed on April 21, 1998).

6. Regarding dependent claims 2 and 4, both of the claims 2 and 4 of the applicant's disclosure entail nothing more than the ability to edit data in a table in a relational database. Vanderpool et al. does not disclose the ability to edit items in the data tables of the database. However, Rowe et al. discloses a method of editing items in tables of a database. Editing abilities include adding, deleting, and modifying items contained within the tables of a relational database. One of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would have used the method of Rowe et al. applied into the system of Vanderpool et al. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art because it would have allowed the user to interact with the database in a way that is common practice in the art.

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common practice in the art.

7. Regarding dependent claims 3 and 5, both claims 3 and 5 of the applicant's disclosure entail nothing more than the ability to add data to a table in a relational database. Vanderpool et al. does not disclose the ability to add items in the data tables of the database. However, Rowe et al. discloses a method of editing items in tables of a database. Editing abilities include adding, deleting, and modifying items contained within the tables of a relational database. One of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made would have used the method of Rowe et al. applied into the system of Vanderpool et al. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art because it would have allowed the user to interact with the database in a way that is

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Conclusion

8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

US Patent Number 5,412,774, issued on May 2, 1995, by Agrawal et al.
US Patent Number 5,432,942, issued on July 11, 1995, by Trainer.
US Patent Number 6,038,566, filed on December 2, 1997, by Tsai.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Joshua D Campbell whose telephone number is (703)305-5764. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (8:00 AM - 4:30 PM).

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If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Heather Herndon can be reached on (703)308-5186. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (703) 872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703)305-3900.

jdc August 18, 2003

> SANJIV SHAH PRIMARY EXAMINER

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